IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF MISSISSIPPI JACKSON DIVISION

BOBBY LEROY SMITH, county jail inmate #06048

PLAINTIFF

VERSUS

CIVIL ACTION NO. 3:08-cv-243-TSL-JCS

STATE OF MISSISSIPPI AND HINDS COUNTY, MISSISSIPPI

DEFENDANTS

MEMORANDUM OPINION AND ORDER

Plaintiff, an inmate who was incarcerated in the Hinds County Detention Center, Raymond, Mississippi, filed a complaint pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 1983 on April 14, 2008. On May 8, 2008, an order was entered directing plaintiff to file a written response, on or before May 27, 2008. Plaintiff has failed to comply with this order. Plaintiff was warned in this court's order that failure to timely comply with the requirements of the order may lead to the dismissal of his complaint.

On June 13, 2008, an order was entered directing plaintiff to show cause, on or before June 25, 2008, why this case should not be dismissed for his failure to timely comply with the court's May 8, 2008, order. The show cause order warned plaintiff that failure to timely comply with the requirements of the order would lead to the dismissal of his complaint, without further notice. Plaintiff did not comply with the court's order.

Further, this court's order of June 13, 2008 warned plaintiff that his failure to advise this court of a change of address would result in this cause being dismissed without further written notice to plaintiff. On June 23, 2008, the envelope containing this court's June 13, 2008 order was returned by the postal service with the notation "return to sender." Plaintiff has failed to keep the court informed of his current address.

This court has the authority to dismiss an action for plaintiff's failure to prosecute under

Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure and under its inherent authority to dismiss the

action sua sponte. See Link v. Wabash R.R., 370 U.S. 626 (1962); Larson v. Scott, 157 F.3d

1030 (5th Cir.1998); McCullough v. Lynaugh, 835 F.2d 1126 (5th Cir. 1988). The court must be

able to clear its calendars of cases that remain dormant because of the inaction or dilatoriness of

the parties seeking relief, so as to achieve the orderly and expeditious disposition of cases. Link,

370 U.S. at 630. Such a "sanction is necessary in order to prevent undue delays in the disposition

of pending cases and to avoid congestion in the calendars" of the court. *Id.* at 629-30.

Plaintiff has not complied with two court orders, nor has he contacted this court since

May 5, 2008. The court concludes that dismissal of this action for plaintiff's failure to prosecute

under Rule 41(b) of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure is proper. Since the defendants have

never been called upon to respond to plaintiff's pleading and since the court has never considered

the merits of plaintiff's claims, the court's order of dismissal will provide that dismissal is without

prejudice. See Munday/Elkins Auto. Partners, LTD. v. Smith, No. 05-31009, 2006 WL 2852389,

at *2 (5th Cir. Oct. 2, 2006).

A final judgment in accordance with this memorandum opinion and order will be

entered.

This the 21st day of August, 2008.

/s/Tom S. Lee

2

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE

3:08-cv-243-TSL-JCS